

## Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to

# EGFR (phospho-Tyr 1148)

## clone 10G12

0219-100/EGFR-10G12 Order No.:

100 Size (µg) 0219S Lot No.:



### www.nanotools.de

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02/111207F

Isotype	Species Reactivity	Applications	Mol. Weight	Ref.Cell Line	Epitope	Immunogen
IgG3	human	WB	180 kDa	HepG2	phospho-tyrosine 1148 NPD pYQQD	phosphopeptide conjugated to hemocyanin

### **Background and Specificity:**

EGF Receptor (EGFR) and erbB2, erbB3, and ErbB4 are members of subclass I of receptor tyrosine kinases.

EGFR/erbB receptors are activated upon binding of EGF and EGF-related growth factors such as TGF alpha, beta-cellulin, Hb-EGF, HRG, or NRG. Binding of these ligands leads to receptor homo- and heterodimerization followed by autophosphorylation and activation of downstream signal transduction pathways (MAPK, PI3K/PKB, and STAT). In addition, EGFR becomes fully activated after phosphorylation of Y845 by src family kinases.

Phosphorylation of Y1045 leads to association with cbl and subsequent receptor degradation. Phosphorylation of S1047 by CamKinase II leads to attenuation of kinase activity; phosphorylation of T654 (by PKC) and T669 (by MAPK, p38) interferes with receptor endocytosis/recycling.

Mab EGFR-10G12 specifically recognizes EGFR phosphorylated at Tyrosine 1148.

The antibody was purified from serum-free cell culture **Purification:** 

supernatant by subsequent ultrafiltration and size exclusion

chromatography.

Formulation: lyophilized from 1 ml PBS / 0.09 % Na-azide / PEG and Sucrose

Reconstitute with 1 ml H2O (15 min, RT). Reconstitution: Stability: Aliquote and store at -20°C up to 1 year.

Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

#0813: Cell lysate from EGF-treated HepG2 cells **Positive Control:** 

Immunoblotting: 0.5 µg/ml for HRPO/ECL detection

> Recommended blocking buffer: Casein/Tween 20 based blocking and blot incubation buffer, e.g. nanoTools product

#3031-500/CPPT or #3031-3000/CPPT.

Immunoprecipitation: ND ND Immunocytochemistry:

ND **ELISA:** 

> All products are supplied for research and investigational use only. Not for use in humans or laboratory animals.

#### **Related Products**

mab to EGFR (C-terminus)

#0007-100/EGFR-13G8

mab to EGFR (cytoplasmic domain)

mab to EGFR (extracellular domain) #0209-100/FGFR-20F12

mab to EGFR (aa 960 - 980)

#0199-100/EGFR-16F8

mab to EGFR (N-terminus) #0201-100/EGFR-140

mab to phospho-EGFR (pY1173)

mab to dephospho-EGFR (Y1173)

mab to phospho-EGFR (pY1045) #0136-100/EGFR-11C2

mab to phospho-EGFR (pY845)

mab to phospho-EGFR (pY1068)

mab to phospho-EGFR (pY 1086)

#0188-100/EGFR-8B mab to phospho-EGFR (pT669)

#0191-100/EGFR-5F10

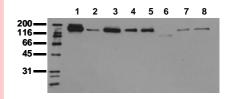
mab to phospho-EGFR (pT654)

#0138-100/EGFR-3F

mab to phospho-EGFR (pS1047)

#0107-100/EGFR-1H9

For monoclonal antibodies against erbB2, phospho-erbB2, erbB3 and erbB4, as well as against various EGFR downstream targets, please refer to our website at www.nanotools.de



#### **Detection of endogenous EGFR**

Whole cell lysates of EGF-stimulated tumor cells (20.000 cells per lane) were applied to SDS-PAGE and transferred to a PVDF membrane. The immunoblot was probed with mab EGFR-10G12  $(0.5 \ \mu\text{g/ ml})$  for 1h at RT and developed by ECL (exp. time: 30

lane 1: A431: lane 2: A549; lane 3: SKOV3; lane 4: OVCAR5; lane 5: HaCaT; lane 6: PC3; lane 7: HeLa; lane 8: HepG2